

# **ENDOSCOPIC ULTRASOUND**

**Prof Benedict Devereaux** Dr Patrick Walsh Dr Tom Zhou PROCEDURE DATE: .....

ARRIVAL TIME: .....

**HOSPITAL**: St Vincent's Northside, 627 Rode Rd, Chermside

# How are you to prepare?

You are to consume <u>NO FOOD</u> from midnight the day of your procedure. If your appointment is later in the day you may have <u>CLEAR FLUIDS ONLY</u> (eg. Water, lemonade, apple juice, black tea and coffee, etc.) until <u>four hours</u> prior to your procedure.

# If you have had any recent radiology scans, please bring the films with you to your procedure.

As a duty of care to our patients and to meet Medicare requirements we must have a current referral from your referring GP or specialist on file <u>prior</u> to your procedure. This can be faxed or emailed to us at <u>reception3@ddq.net.au</u> (Reminder: GP referrals only stay current for 12 months from their first use and specialist referrals are only current for 3 months from their first use. Medicare requires that you have a current referral on file for each appointment.)

# **Medications**

Continue taking all medications as usual unless otherwise instructed. If your procedure is early in the morning you can:

- Take medications as usual prior to your nil by mouth time
- After your nil by mouth time take medications with a small sip of water (i.e. approx. 20ml)
- Bring the medication with you to hospital to have after your procedure (unless you take heart or blood pressure medication, in which case you should take this as normal with a small sip of water)

# Please inform our rooms if you take:

- Blood thinning medications (eg. Warfarin, Xarelto, Plavix, etc.)
- <u>Any</u> diabetic medications particularly Insulin, Forxiga, Xigduo, Qtern, Jardiance, Jardiamet &

Glyxambi

# After your procedure – Important post-procedure care instructions

You will remain in the endoscopy unit until the main effects of the sedation wear off and you have had something to eat/drink. You may feel slightly bloated due to the air that has been introduced through the endoscope. This will quickly pass. You should avoid alcohol for at least 12 hours after your procedure.

The doctor will talk to you after your procedure to let you know of the results. You will also receive a copy of the typed report as you may still be drowsy at the time the doctor talks to you. The whole process generally takes approximately 4 hours from the time you arrive to discharge time.

For legal reasons you MUST NOT drive a vehicle or operate machinery for the remainder of the day following intravenous sedation. Failure to do so carries the same implications as drink driving.

You MUST have a <u>responsible adult escort you home and stay with you for overnight after the procedure</u>. (i.e. You should not go to work).

You should not care for dependent persons without responsible help for at least 12 hours after your procedure.

# IF THESE REQUIREMENTS ARE NOT MET YOUR PROCEDURE MAY BE CANCELLED. These are compulsory requirements for all hospitals and anaesthetists.

You are also advised to be very careful in simple household tasks in the 12 hours after receiving sedation. Your coordination may be impaired for some time and it is important, therefore, not to use sharp knives, risk kitchen burns etc. -Air Travel - If you intend to travel within 24 hours of your procedure please contact us to discuss. If you develop any pain, fever, vomiting or blood loss after the procedure, you should contact your doctor immediately or the hospital where your procedure took place. Alternately, after hours, you can contact our after hours service on 3261 9570.

#### **Common Reasons to require an EUS**

#### Assessment of:

- Pancreatitis
- Gall bladder and bile duct abnormalities, including gall stones.
- Abnormalities of the wall of the upper gastrointestinal tract
- Tumours of the oesophagus, stomach, duodenum, pancreas, bile ducts.
- Some tumours of the lung

# What is an endoscopic ultrasound?

Endoscopic ultrasound involves the use of a flexible video instrument (endoscope), which has an ultrasound probe at its tip. This procedure is a highly specialized endoscopic procedure and only became available in Queensland in 2002. It is used to examine the wall layers of the gastrointestinal tract and therefore normal or abnormal structures that arise from it. In addition, it provides excellent images of the structures outside the gut wall like the pancreas, bile ducts and structures in the chest (mediastinum). EUS provides detailed assessment of tumours involving these structures and can help you and your doctors determine the most appropriate treatment. The instrument is passed over the back of your tongue into the upper gastrointestinal tract in the same way a regular endoscopy is performed.

# What will happen?

The doctor and/or nurse will explain the procedure and answer any questions you have. Please inform us if you have had any previous endoscopic examination or any bad reactions to sedatives or other medications. You will need to remove your dentures. Please inform the staff if you have any loose teeth or crowns. Also notify the staff if you are known to have a heart murmur as you may require antibiotics before the procedure.

At the beginning of the procedure you will be given a sedative by injection in a vein to make you more comfortable. You will be asked to lie on your left side and a guard will be placed in your mouth to protect your teeth. You will be sleepy for about half an hour afterwards.

# **Special Considerations**

If you have serious heart or chest problems, special precautions need to be taken to reduce any possible risk. You should therefore inform your doctor of any serious illness of this nature. The precautions taken will usually include providing oxygen during the procedure and/or monitoring the heart and oxygen levels during the procedure. You may require antibiotics before or during the procedure.

# **Alternative Investigations**

The most commonly used imaging tests that may offer similar information to EUS are computed tomography scans (CT) and magnetic resonance imaging (MRI). You may already have had these tests performed or they may be required in the future depending on the results of the EUS and the recommendations of Dr Devereaux/Dr Walsh or one of your other treating doctors. EUS may be the best test in your situation or may offer additional or complimentary information to these other tests.

# Safety and risks

Endoscopic ultrasound is usually a safe procedure. The risks associated with EUS are the same as for regular upper gastrointestinal endoscopy. It is unlikely to cause problems for patients unless they have serious heart or chest problems.

Rarely patients may have a reaction to the sedation. Damage to the oesophagus at the time of examination is extremely rare unless there is pre-existing oesophageal disease. Such complications are extremely rare. Other potential complications include bleeding, infection and perforation (hole/tear) in the wall of the upper gut. If you wish to have full details of all possible rare complications discussed before the procedure, you should inform your doctor. The overall complication rate is less than 1 in 1000 procedures.

# Results

A copy of the results will be sent to your referring doctor and you will receive a copy of the typed report. You may receive this on the day of your procedure. Otherwise, **if you have provided us with an email address, this will be emailed within 1-2 days (or posted).** Your treating specialist will contact you if they have any serious concerns or if you require a further appointment. Should you have any questions or concerns contact our practice nurse at Digestive Diseases Queensland.